



Grouting Slate Tiles

Part 2 of 4

PLEASE NOTE:

Before you begin grouting slate tiles & only when the adhesive is fully dried should you consider the next phase, if you do not let the adhesive dry fully you may experience lifting of your slate floor tiles after installation, they must fully bed & the adhesive must cure/dry properly.

Before Grouting

Clean The Slate First

It is advisable at this stage to remove any debris or adhesive that may have oozed up between the grout joints or been left on the surface.

You are now ready for the next phase of the installation but before you can begin grouting slate tiles, you must first clean the floor & seal it. To do this you will need your bucket & large sponge as shown on (page 1 of the "Slate Flooring Installation" guide).

Begin by $\frac{3}{4}$ filling the bucket with clean luke warm water, then start from one end of the room wiping the surface of the tiles with a rinsed sponge, DO NOT saturate the floor. Depending on how dirty the slate tiles are I recommend that you wash out your bucket & get fresh clean water when it begins becoming dirty. Doing this enables you to have a nice fresh clean floor when the water has dried off the surface ready for you to seal your slate tiles.

You must now let the floor fully dry & I would recommend that you leave it overnight to dry at room temperature.

AN IMPORTANT TIP

Unlike Chinese and Indian, Brazilian Slate has low salt & mineral content, so once wet, efflorescence (an unpleasant, cloudy/white blooming effect) will not cause crystallization to occur which you would be almost impossible to rectify (if Chinese or Indian slate are used) This is another very good reason to purchase our better quality Brazilian slate!

Ready For The First Seal

You now need to get your small sponge roller & painters tray, as shown on page 3 of the (sealing slate tiles) ready for the next phase. Before grouting slate tiles you must seal them. So pour some sealer into the painters tray & then lightly seal your slate tiles.

DO NOT over apply the sealer, try to spread it well with the roller, you should easily get 12 – 15m² coverage for every 1 litre of sealer that you have, if it is over applied you will be left with blotches, so spread it evenly over the tiles but not too thick.

By sealing your slate tiles you are blocking the pores of the stone, this will then enable the grout to float over the pin head sized holes on the stone & not stick within the pores, the grout should now be easily removed when it is applied & you are now ready for grouting your slate tiles.

A little Tip

All natural slate or stone needs to be sealed, do not try to save a few pounds by cutting corners & not sealing your slate tiles prior to grouting slate tiles, you will be left with a hazy mist on the surface & you will find it practically impossible to remove, (TRUST US, WE HAVE SEEN IT HAPPEN).

Grouting Slate Tiles

Now the sealer has dried you are ready to grout your slate floor, you will need a clean bucket, fresh water & your chosen device for mixing. Read the grout manufacturers label prior to mixing any grout. Mix a small amount of grout in the bucket for your first attempt, it is better to mix too little rather than too much on the first attempt as you will get a feel for how much water you will need for your second attempt at grouting slate tiles.

A little Tip

If you are a beginner at this, it is better to aim to work on 8 – 10m² at a time, between grouting & cleaning.

This is particularly important if you are grouting slate tiles by yourself, you will need to clean/wipe off as you go along, you cannot grout a whole floor in one pass, by the time you get to the opposite end, your starting area will be drying & the grout will be very difficult to remove if you leave it on the surface for too long.

How To Grout

Apply the grout with your rubber float (as shown in Part 1 “Slate Flooring Installation”) along the grout lines, it is best to grout across the grout lines on a diagonal ensuring that the grout is well pushed in to the grout joints. By pushing the grout in to the grout joints you are removing any air that may be trapped, the air can cause hollows that can render the grout lines weak in places & may over time pop out if the grout is not applied correctly.

Remove as much excess grout as possible with your rubber float as you go, you will find it much easier to clean if you do this.

Now that you have grouted 8 – 10m², get a clean bucket of luke warm water & a clean sponge & start as soon as possible to clean the grout off the tiles, ring out the sponge before you wipe, do not saturate the tiles with water, it is best to wipe once then turn your sponge over to wipe with the other side, then rinse.

Use clean water for every 8 – 10m² you grout, if your water becomes too contaminated with excess grout you will be forever cleaning.

A little Tip

When cleaning the tiles, wipe over the grout joints on a diagonal, do not follow the grout lines with your sponge, you will remove grout from within your grout joints, lightly wiping the slate tiles on a diagonal causes you to keep almost level with the top of the tile.

Make sure you have removed all grout & stubborn clumps on the first clean, when you have cleaned the floor once this way, clean out your bucket & sponge ready for the next pass.

Repeat the grouting process until all the floor is grouted & cleaned as described above.

Now you should clean the whole floor again with fresh clean water & a clean sponge, You are probably tired now, but you be grateful with the end result, the cleaner the floor the better it will look on the next phase of the installation process.

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